# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

B42W8041

# Section 1. Identification

Product name : Exterior Latex Wood Primer, Exterior Latex White			
Product code	: B42W8041		
Other means of identification	: Not available.		
Product type	: Liquid.		
Relevant identified uses of t	he substance or mixture and uses advised against		
Not applicable.			
Manufacturer	: THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS COMPANY 101 Prospect Avenue N.W. Cleveland, OH 44115		
Emergency telephone number of the company	: (216) 566-2917		
Product Information Telephone Number	: Not available.		
Regulatory Information Telephone Number	: (216) 566-2902		
Transportation Emergency Telephone Number	: (800) 424-9300		

# Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	<ul> <li>This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).</li> </ul>		
Classification of the substance or mixture	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A     SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2		
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity: 32.1%		
GHS label elements			
Hazard pictograms			
Signal word	: Danger		
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>May cause cancer. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.</li> </ul>		
Precautionary statements			
General	: Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.		
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Use personal protective equipment as required. Do not breathe vapor.		
Response	: Get medical attention if you feel unwell. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention.		
Storage	: Store locked up.		
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# Section 2. Hazards identification

Disposal	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.	
Supplemental label elements	Adequate ventilation required when sanding or abrading the dried film. If Adequate ventilation cannot be provided wear an approved particulate respirator (NIOSH approved). Follow respirator manufacturer's directions for respirator use. DELAYED EFFECTS FROM LONG TERM OVEREXPOSURE. Abrading or sanding of the dry film may release crystalline silica which has been shown to cause lung damage and cancer under long term exposure. WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.	
	Please refer to the SDS for additional information. Do not transfer contents to other containers for storage.	
Hazards not otherwise classified	: None known.	

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of identification	: Not available.

### **CAS number/other identifiers**

Ingredient name	% by weight	CAS number
Titanium Dioxide	14.7	13463-67-7
zinc oxide	2.2	1314-13-2
Ethylene Glycol	1.3	107-21-1
Cristobalite	0.9	14464-46-1
Quartz	0.1	14808-60-7

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary fi	aid measures
Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing
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# Section 4. First aid measures

such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed					
Potential acute health effect	<u>ets</u>				
Eye contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.					
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.				
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.				
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.				
<u>Over-exposure signs/symp</u>	<u>toms</u>				
Eye contact	: No specific data.				
Inhalation	: No specific data.				
Skin contact	: No specific data.				
Ingestion	: No specific data.				
Indication of immediate med	lical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary				
Notes to physician	<ul> <li>Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.</li> </ul>				
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.				
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.				

### See toxicological information (Section 11)

# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	<ul> <li>Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.</li> </ul>
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

# Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protec	:tiv	e equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	ont	ainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

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# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### Control parameters

**Occupational exposure limits** 

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Titanium Dioxide	ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014).
	TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).
	TWA: 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Total dust
zinc oxide	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).
	CEIL: 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Form: Dust
	TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours. Form: Dust and
	fumes
	STEL: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Form: Fume
	OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).
	TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Fume
	TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable
	fraction
	TWA: 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Total dust
	ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014).
	TWA: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable
	fraction
	STEL: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Form:
	Respirable fraction
Ethylene Glycol	ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014).
	C: 100 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Form: Aerosol
Cristobalite	OSHA PEL Z3 (United States, 2/2013).
	TWA: 250 MPPCF / 2 x (%SiO2+5) 8 hours.
	Form: Respirable
	TWA: 10 MG/M3 / 2 x (%SiO2+2) 8 hours.
	Form: Respirable
	TWA: 30 MG/M3 / 2 x (%SiO2+2) 8 hours.
	Form: Total dust
Quartz	OSHA PEL Z3 (United States, 2/2013).
	TWA: 250 MPPCF / (%SiO2+5) 8 hours.
	Form: Respirable
	TWA: 10 MG/M3 / (%SiO2+2) 8 hours. Form:
	Respirable
	ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014).
	TWA: 0.025 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form:
	Respirable fraction
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).
	TWA: 0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours. Form: respirable
	dust

Appropriate engineering controls	: If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.			
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.			
Individual protection measure	<u>S</u>			
Hygiene measures	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.			
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# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>		
Physical state	: Li	iquid.
Color	: N	lot available.
Odor	: N	lot available.
Odor threshold	: N	lot available.
рН	: 8	.8
Melting point	: N	lot available.
Boiling point	: 10	00°C (212°F)
Flash point	: C	Closed cup: >93.3°C (>199.9°F)
Evaporation rate	: 0.	.09 (butyl acetate = 1)
Flammability (solid, gas)	: N	lot available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits		ower: 3.2% Jpper: 15.3%
Vapor pressure	: 0.	.31 kPa (2.333 mm Hg) [at 20°C]
Vapor density	: 1	[Air = 1]
Relative density	: 1.	.34
Solubility	: N	lot available.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: N	lot available.
Auto-ignition temperature	: N	lot available.
Decomposition temperature	: N	lot available.
Viscosity		(inematic (room temperature): >0.205 cm²/s (>20.5 cSt) (inematic (40°C (104°F)): >0.205 cm²/s (>20.5 cSt)
Aerosol product		
Heat of combustion	: 0.	.000001159 kJ/g

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# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: No specific data.
Incompatible materials	: No specific data.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

### Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Ethylene Glycol	LD50 Oral	Rat	4700 mg/kg	-

### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Titanium Dioxide	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	72 hours 300 Micrograms Intermittent	-
zinc oxide	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
Ethylene Glycol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	1 hours 100 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	6 hours 1440 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	555 milligrams	-

#### **Sensitization**

Not available.

### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

**Carcinogenicity** 

Not available.

### **Classification**

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Titanium Dioxide Cristobalite	-	2B	- Known to be a human careinegen
Quartz	-		Known to be a human carcinogen. Known to be a human carcinogen.

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

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# Section 11. Toxicological information

### Not available.

### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Ethylene Glycol	Category 3		Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
Ethylene Glycol	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined

### **Aspiration hazard**

Not available.

Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
General	: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Not available.	
Potential chronic health e	<u>ffects</u>
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Short term exposure	
Delaved and immediate ef	ffects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Eye contact	: No specific data.
	physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation Skip contact	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Eye contact	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Potential acute health effe	
routes of exposure	
Information on the likely	: Not available.

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Numerical measures of toxicity Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	238084.1 mg/kg

# Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity				
Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure	
Titanium Dioxide	Acute LC50 >1000000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus	96 hours	
zinc oxide	Acute IC50 1.85 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	96 hours	
	Acute IC50 46 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella	72 hours	
		subcapitata - Exponential growth		
		phase		
	Acute LC50 98 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna -	48 hours	
		Neonate		
	Acute LC50 1.1 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours	
Ethylene Glycol	Acute LC50 6900000 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia	48 hours	
		dubia - Neonate		
	Acute LC50 41000000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna -	48 hours	
		Neonate		
	Acute LC50 8050000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours	

### Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Ethylene Glycol	-	-	Readily

### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Titanium Dioxide	-	352	low
zinc oxide	-	60960	high

### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition : Not available. coefficient (Koc)

### Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated t the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been	ts d to on. red n a
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### Section 13. Disposal considerations

cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

### Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	ΙΑΤΑ	IMDG
UN number	Not regulated.				
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-	-	-
Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-	-	-
Packing group	-	-	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	<u>Special</u> provisions Not Applicable	<u>Special</u> provisions Not Applicable	<u>Special</u> provisions Not Applicable	<u>Special</u> provisions Not Applicable	<u>Emergency</u> <u>schedules (EmS)</u> Not Applicable

Special precautions for user : Multi-modal shipping descriptions are provided for informational purposes and do not consider container sizes. The presence of a shipping description for a particular mode of transport (sea, air, etc.), does not indicate that the product is packaged suitably for that mode of transport. All packaging must be reviewed for suitability prior to shipment, and compliance with the applicable regulations is the sole responsibility of the person offering the product for transport. People loading and unloading dangerous goods must be trained on all of the risks deriving from the substances and on all actions in case of emergency situations.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

### Section 15. Regulatory information

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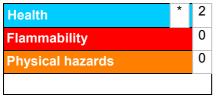
#### U.S. Federal regulations State regulations

### California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

### Section 16. Other information

### Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



### Section 16. Other information

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910. 1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

#### Notice to reader

It is recommended that each customer or recipient of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) study it carefully and consult resources, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards associated with the product. This information is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date herein. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. The information presented here applies only to the product as shipped. The addition of any material can change the composition, hazards and risks of the product. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations and jurisdictions. The customer/buyer/user is responsible to ensure that his activities comply with all country, federal, state, provincial or local laws. The conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer; the customer/buyer/user is responsible to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. The customer/buyer/user should not use the product for any purpose other than the purpose shown in the applicable section of this SDS without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDS, the manufacturer cannot be responsible for SDSs obtained from any other source.